Development Consent No.: Property Address:	DA/351/2017 Lot 1 DP 514282, Part Lot 1 DP 731780, Part Lot 2 DP 1192394, Part Lot 1 DP 201075, Part Lot 3 DP 510571, Part Lot 1 DP 1158833, Part Lot 2 DP 1158833 160 Church Street, 160-172 Church Street, 169 Macquarie Street, 119Z Macquarie Street, 188R Church Street, 21R Darcy Street, PARRAMATTA NSW 2150
	Street, PARRAMATTA NSW 2150

General Matters

- 1. In order to maintain a suitable public domain presentation pending future additional development on this site, the following actions are required within 3 months of the issue of the Occupation Certificate for the basement level parking areas:
 - A. The applicant shall lodge with Council a landscape plan, prepared by a suitably qualified person, which nominates a temporary landscape treatment for the whole of the site. The scope of that treatment, including finished levels, shall be determined in consultation with Council's Urban Design Team;
 - B. All works for the temporary landscape treatment shall be completed within 3 months of Council confirming its approval of the plans required by 'A' above; and
 - C. The temporary landscape treatment shall remain in place, and be maintained, until the issue of the first Construction Certificate associated with any development application for the construction of a building above the basement car park.
- 2. The development is to be carried out in accordance with the following plans endorsed with Council's Stamp as well as the documentation listed below, except where amended by other conditions of this consent and/or any plan annotations:

Drawing No.	Prepared By	Dated
8 Parramatta Square Early Works Staging	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
S-0150 Rev E		
Parramatta Square Retention Wall Plan S-	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
0151 Rev E		
Retention Wall Plan Zone B S-0152 Rev E	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Retention Wall Elevations Sheet 1 S-0153	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Rev E		
Retention Wall Sections Sheet 2 S-0154	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Rev E		
Retention Wall Sections Sheet 3 S-0155	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017

Rev E		
Typ. Basement Excavation Staging Plan –	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Zone B S-0156 Rev E		
Alternative 8PS Construction Sequence S-	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
0157 Rev E		
South Wall Construction Methodology	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Sheet 1 S-0158 Rev E		
South Wall Construction Methodology	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Sheet 2 S-0159 Rev E		
South Wall Construction Methodology	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Sheet 3 S-0160 Rev E		
South Wall Construction Methodology	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Sheet 4 S-0161 Rev E		
South Wall Construction Methodology	JPW and BG&E	23.08.2017
Sheet 5 S-0162 Rev E		

- **Note:** In the event of any inconsistency between the architectural plan(s) and the landscape plan(s) and/or stormwater disposal plan(s) (if applicable), the architectural plan(s) shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- **Reason:** To ensure the work is carried out in accordance with the approved plans.
- 3. All building work must be carried out in accordance with the current provisions of the Building Code of Australia (National Construction Code).
 - **Reason:** To comply with the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979, as amended and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.
- 4. The development must be completed in accordance with the General Terms of Approval (GTAs) issued by WaterNSW dated 18 August 2017, a copy of which is attached with this Notice.

No Construction Certificate shall be issued until such time as all relevant conditions in the GTA's have been satisfied. The development shall otherwise be undertaken in accordance with those GTAs and the terms of this Determination.

Reason: As per the requirements of Water NSW.

5. The development must be completed in accordance with the operational conditions included as 'Attachment A' to the concurrence issued by Sydney Trains dated 18 August 2017, a copy of which is attached with this Notice.

Reason: As per the requirements of Sydney Trains.

6. Due to the location of the proposed development and location of Parramatta Light Rail (PLR) on Macquarie Street, the proponent shall consult with TfNSW through the PLR team and Sydney Coordination Office (SCO) regarding the proposed works.

Reason: As per the requirements of Roads and Maritime Services.

- 7. Prior to commencement of any construction works associated with the approved development (including excavation if applicable), it is mandatory to obtain a Construction Certificate. Plans, specifications and relevant documentation accompanying the Construction Certificate must include any requirements imposed by conditions of this Development Consent.
 - **Reason:** To ensure compliance with legislative requirements and that all Construction certificates may be issued in a manner that allows the carrying out of the development to be staged over time whilst ensuring the requirements of the development are met for each stage.
- 8. Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate the applicant shall prepare a Structural Impact Monitoring Strategy, which is to be submitted to Council for approval. The Strategy shall:
 - a. Be formulated with regard to the following requirements:
 - No ground settlement or movement is to be induced which is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to adjoining property and/or infrastructure.
 - No changes to the ground water level are to occur as a result of the development that is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to the surrounding property and infrastructure.
 - No changes to the ground water level are to occur during the construction of the development that is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to the surrounding property and infrastructure.
 - Vibration is to be minimised or eliminated to ensure no adverse impact on the surrounding property and infrastructure occurs, as a result of the construction of the development.
 - Appropriate support and retention systems are to be recommended and suitable designs prepared to allow the proposed development to comply with these design principles.
 - An adverse impact can be assumed to be crack damage which would be classified as Category 2 or greater damage according to the classification given in Table CI of AS 2870 1996.
 - b. Be endorsed by both a suitably qualified independent structural engineer experienced in heritage conservation **and** a suitably qualified independent heritage architect.

The development shall then be undertaken in accordance with the Strategy approved by Council for the purposes of this condition.

Should damage to any building be identified all works must cease, and notification must be provided to the PCA and Council.

Works must not re-commence without the prior approval of Council.

- 9. Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate written certification from a suitably qualified person(s) shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Parramatta City Council, stating that appropriate design and construction materials are to be utilised within the development to ensure compliance with the following noise criteria specified for managing the noise impact on **residential buildings** from rail corridors and/or busy roads:
 - (a) In any bedroom in the building: 35dB(A) between 10pm 7am
 - (b) Anywhere else in the building (other than a garage, hallway, kitchen or bathroom: 40dB(A) at any time.

Reason: Compliance with relevant noise amenity criteria in Infrastructure SEPP.

- 10. Where it is intended to rely upon rock anchors the applicant shall:
 - a. In relation to land owned by Council, the applicant must enter into an Access Licence. The general terms and conditions will be as per Council's standard agreement, however note:
 - a) A dilapidation report will be required;
 - b) A Bank Guarantee in the amount of \$20,000.00 is required
 - c) The payment of legal fees for the preparation of the Access Deed;
 - d) Rock Anchor Fees; and
 - e) At completion, the applicant's registered engineer must certify that all anchors have been de-stressed and de-commissioned appropriately.
 - b. In relation to privately owned land, the applicant must gain written approval of all relevant land owners.
- 11. A monetary contribution comprising \$211,231.20 is payable to Parramatta City Council in accordance with Section 94A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the Parramatta City Centre Civic Improvement Plan (Amendment No. 4). Payment must be by EFTPOS, bank cheque or credit card only. The contribution is to be paid to Council prior to the issue of a construction certificate. At the time of payment, the contribution levy will be indexed quarterly in accordance with movements in the Consumer Price Index (All Groups Index) for Sydney issued by the Australian Statistician. Parramatta City Centre Civic Improvement Plan (Amendment No. 4) can be viewed on Council's website at:

http://www.parracity.nsw.gov.au/build/forms_and_planning_controls/developer_ contributions

Reason: To comply with legislative requirements.

12. Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate the applicant must submit details of a hoarding plan for the site to the Manager, City Significant Development for approval. The strategy shall take account of the strategic importance of the site as part of the overall Parramatta Square development precinct, providing details of finishes, graphics, way finding and other techniques to improve the appearance of the site.

The Hoarding Plan must:

- i. Hoardings showing the types of hoardings or fencing proposed for the site boundaries. The plan must comply with the Council's Hoarding Policy and drawn to a draftsman standard, to a suitable scale, detailing crosssections, site plan, hoarding locations, footpath widths, utility services, trees, traffic lights and other detail as required by this policy. The plan must indicate the proposed types of hoarding
- ii. An application to erect a Hoarding, as required by Section 68 of the Local Government Act, is to be made on the prescribed form and accompanied by a fee as adopted by Council in its fees and charges schedule. The application form is to include all details necessary to enable Council to assess the application in conjunction with this Policy.
- iii. Applications for Hoardings are to be accompanied with design intent statements prepared by a structural engineer having regard to the minimum specifications below and the WorkCover Code Of Practice for Overhead Protective Structures. This design intent statement confirms to Council that the structure has been appropriately designed and documented to meet the appropriate standards and statutes. The sample form "Design for the Erection of Hoardings" enclosed in this policy can be used.
 - iv. For large scale developments across the whole of the Parramatta local government area and for any development within the Parramatta CBD, the applicant must include elements of current Parramatta Council Branding
 - Fascia must be provided with a complete and coordinated graphic design which includes elements of the current Parramatta Council Branding brand.
 - The current Parramatta Council Branding elements must be located on the main street frontage of the site, and the fascia must also include the project/consultant information in one location.
 - An element of public art is to be included in the graphic design of the construction hoardings.
 - The plan must include required safety signage, builder and developer contact details.
 - Materials and finishes of the graphics must be of a high quality.

Other provisions

(a) All graphics for all surfaces are to be submitted for the consent of Council

- (b) The current Parramatta Council brand graphics will be provided by Council.
 However, inclusion of these into the overall graphic design and production of this is the responsibility of the applicant.
- (c) In approving graphic proposals, Council accepts none of the copyright responsibilities of the applicant.
- **Reason:** To improve the visual impact of the hoarding structure in this strategically important location.
- 13. The recommendations outlined in the DA Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Report prepared by AECOM Australia Pty Ltd with reference number 60514001-RPNV-01 B Revision D, dated 9 November 2016 shall be incorporated into the plans and documentation accompanying the Construction Certificate to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

Reason: To ensure a suitable level of residential amenity.

- 14. An Environmental Enforcement Service Charge must be paid to Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The fee will be in accordance with Council's adopted 'Fees and Charges' at the time of payment.
 - **Note:** Council's Customer Service Team can advise of the current fee and can be contacted on 9806 5524.
 - **Reason:** To comply with Council's adopted Fees and Charges Document and to ensure compliance with conditions of consent.
- 15. An *Environmental Enforcement Service Charge* is to be paid to Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The fee paid is to be in accordance with Council's adopted 'Fees and Charges' at the time of payment.
 - **Note:** Council's Customer Service Team can advise of the current fee and can be contacted on 9806 5524.
 - **Reason:** To comply with Council's adopted Fees and Charges Document and to ensure compliance with conditions of consent.
- 16. An *Infrastructure and Restoration Administration Fee* is to be paid to Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The fee to be paid is to be in accordance with Councils adopted 'Fees and Charges' at the time of payment.
 - **Note:** Council's Customer Service Team can advise of the current fee and can be contacted on 9806 5524.
 - **Reason:** To comply with Council's adopted Fees and Charges Document and to ensure compliance with conditions of consent.

17. The Construction Certificate is not to be released unless the Principal Certifying Authority is satisfied that the required levy payable, under Section 34 of the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, has been paid.

Reason: To ensure that the levy is paid.

18. In accordance with Section 80A(6)(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, security bonds payable to Council for the protection of the adjacent road pavement and public assets during construction works. The bond(s) are to be lodged with Council prior to the issue of any application/approval associated with the allotment, (being a Hoarding application, Construction Certificate) and prior to any demolition works being carried out where a Construction Certificate is not required.

The bond may be paid, by EFTPOS, bank cheque, or be an unconditional bank guarantee.

Should a bank guarantee be lodged it must:

- (a) Have no expiry date;
- (b) Be forwarded directly from the issuing bank with a cover letter that refers to Development Consent DA206/2017;
- (c) Specifically reference the items and amounts being guaranteed. If a single bank guarantee is submitted for multiple items it must be itemised.

Should it become necessary for Council to uplift the bank guarantee, notice in writing will be forwarded to the applicant fourteen days prior to such action being taken. No bank guarantee will be accepted that has been issued directly by the applicant.

Bonds shall be provided as follows:

Bond Type	Amount
Hoarding - (see Schedule of Fees and charges (\$2500 -	\$10,000
\$10,000 per street frontage in 2016/2017 financial year)	
Street Furniture - (\$2000 per item in 2016/2017	N/A
financial year)	
Development sites bond	\$20,000
Street Trees - (\$2000 per street tree 2016/2017	N/A
financial year rate)	

A dilapidation report is required to be prepared prior to any work or demolition commencing. This is required to be submitted to Parramatta City Council with the payment of the bond/s.

The dilapidation report is required to document/record any existing damage to kerbs, footpaths, roads, nature strips, street trees and furniture within street frontage/s bounding the site up to and including the centre of the road.

- **Reason:** To safeguard the public assets of council and to ensure that these assets are repaired/maintained in a timely manner so as not to cause any disruption or possible accidents to the public.
- 19. A building plan approval must be obtained from Sydney Water Tap in[™] to ensure that the approved development will not impact Sydney Water infrastructure.

A copy of the building plan approval receipt from Sydney Water Tap in[™] must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to works commencing.

Please refer to the website <u>http://www.sydneywater.com.au/tapin/index.htm</u>, Sydney Water Tap in[™], or telephone 13 20 92.

Reason: To ensure the requirements of Sydney Water have been complied with.

20. A site emergency response plan must be prepared, detailing evacuation procedures, storing of construction equipment and any procedures for the protection of the site on the occasion of a fire, flood or other emergency event. Details must be submitted for Council approval prior to release of any Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure an effective site flood emergency response plan is put in place.

- 21. A comprehensive construction phase soil and water management plan must be submitted for the proponent site, which considers potential interaction with water management strategies on the adjacent PS 3, 4, 5 and 6 sites. This plan must focus on the protection of environment, existing infrastructure and human safety by addressing the following issues:
 - Bunding must be provided to the Flood Planning Level around the excavation site and all equipment and materials storage areas. The flood planning level for this site must be set at RL 11.7m AHD which is the 1% AEP overland flooding level, plus a 500mm freeboard, unless otherwise approved by Council.
 - Detailed plans of water quality treatment for construction phase excavation cavity dewatering. The location of any proprietary treatment and pumping devices onsite must be indicated on the consolidated excavation plan, as well as calculations demonstrating expected compliance with the water quality parameters outlined in Council's DCP 2011
 - iii) All stormwater incidents on the construction site must be collected and appropriately disposed of in a manner that does not increase the flood risk for the catchment area or degrade the quality of water being disposed of to council stormwater infrastructure. The proposed methods of collection, treatment and disposal for the entire excavation must be shown on the integrated plan and detailed in the report.

- iv) Erosion and sediment control devices are to be installed prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or construction works upon the site. These devices are to include, but not be limited to:
 - a. Vehicle Wheel wash, cattle grid, wheel shaker or other appropriate device to remove sediment from vehicle wheels.
 - b. A sediment trapping fence, made of a geotechnical textile specifically designed for such a purpose and installed and maintained to manufacturer's specifications, placed below the disturbed area of the construction site along contours.
 - c. Vehicle access shall be restricted to one designated point, and vehicle driveways are to be adequately covered at all times with blue metal or the like.
 - d. The protection of all stormwater collection pits in the vicinity of the works.
 - e. The protection of all stockpiled construction waste and materials.

Details of the above must be shown on the plan and outlined in the report.

- v) Full plant and equipment details, including the location of any proposed access ramps, cranes, site entry points etc.
- vi) An operational and monitoring plan.

The construction phase soil and water management plan must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Reason: Environmental protection

- 22. Prior to the commencement of any works on site, the applicant must submit a Construction Environmental Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority. The following matters must be specifically addressed in the Plan:
 - (a) An overall construction management program;
 - (b) Construction traffic management;
 - (c) Construction zones;
 - (d) Pedestrian management;
 - (e) Hoardings;
 - (f) Dust management;
 - (g) Hours of work;
 - (h) Noise and vibration management measures;
 - (i) Dilapidation reports;
 - (j) Identification and disposal of hazardous materials/demolition materials;
 - (k) Materials handling, waste management and recycling;
 - (I) Disposal of excavated materials;
 - (m) Unexpected archaeological finds; and
 - (n) Specific matters nominated within the consent notice.
 - **Reason:** To ensure that appropriate measures have been considered during all phases of the construction process in a manner that maintains the

environmental amenity and ensures the ongoing safety and protection of people.

23. A Construction Pedestrian Traffic Management Plan (CPTMP) detailing construction vehicle routes, number of trucks, hours of operation, access arrangements and traffic control should be submitted, after consultation and endorsement of SCO and PLR, to Council for approval prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The following matters must be specifically addressed in the Plan:

- (a) Construction Management Plan for the site. A plan view of the entire site and frontage roadways indicating:
 - Dedicated construction site entrances and exits, controlled by a certified traffic controller, to safely manage pedestrians and construction related vehicles in the frontage roadways.
 - (ii) Turning areas within the site for construction and spoil removal vehicles, allowing a forward egress for all construction vehicles on the site.
 - (iii) The locations of proposed Work Zones in the egress frontage roadways.
 - (iv) Location of any proposed crane standing areas.
 - (v) A dedicated unloading and loading point within the site for all construction vehicles, plant and deliveries.
 - (vi) Material, plant and spoil bin storage areas within the site, where all materials are to be dropped off and collected.
 - (vii) The provision of an on-site parking area for employees, tradesperson and construction vehicles as far as possible.
 - (viii) A detailed description and route map of the proposed route for vehicles involved in spoil removal, material delivery and machine floatage and a copy of this route is to be made available to all contractors.
 - (ix) A detailed description of locations that will be used for layover for trucks waiting to access the construction site.
 - (b) Written concurrence from Council's Traffic and Transport Services in relation to installation of a proposed 'Works Zone' restriction in the egress frontage roadways of the development site.

Application fees and kerbside charges for 6 months (minimum) are to be paid in advance in accordance with the Council's Fees and Charges. The 'Works Zone' restriction is to be installed by Council once the applicant notifies Council in writing of the commencement date (subject to approval through Parramatta Traffic Committee processes). Unused fees for kerbside charges are to be refunded once a written request to remove the restriction is received by Council.

- (c) Traffic Control Plan(s) for the site:
 - (i) All traffic control devices installed in the road reserve shall be in accordance with the NSW Transport Roads and Maritime Services publication 'Traffic Control Worksite Manual' and be designed by a person licensed to do so (minimum RMS 'red card' qualification). The main stages of the development requiring specific construction management measures are to be identified and specific traffic control measures identified for each.
 - (ii) Approval shall be obtained from Parramatta City Council for any temporary road closures or crane use from public property.
- (d) Where applicable, the plan must address the following:
 - (i) Evidence of RTA concurrence where construction access is provided directly or within 20 m of an Arterial Road,
 - (ii) A schedule of site inductions shall be held on regular occasions and as determined necessary to ensure all new employees are aware of the construction management obligations.
 - (iii) Minimising construction related traffic movements during school peak periods.

The Construction Pedestrian Traffic Management Plan shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced traffic consultant and be certified by this person as being in accordance with the requirements of the abovementioned documents and the requirements of this condition.

- **Reason:** To ensure that appropriate traffic control measures are implemented to maintain environmental amenity and to ensure the ongoing safety and protection of people.
- 24. The arrangements and costs associated with any adjustment to a public utility service shall be borne by the applicant/developer. Any adjustment, deletion and/or creation of public utility easements associated with the approved works are the responsibility of the applicant/developer. The submission of documentary evidence to the Principal Certifying Authority which confirms that satisfactory arrangements have been put in place regarding any adjustment to such services is required, prior to the release of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To minimise costs to Council

25. An integrated shoring and excavation plan that shows the entirety of the excavation cavity spanning sites PS 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 must be prepared and submitted to the satisfaction of Council's Team Leader Technical Specialists prior to the release of a Construction certificate. This plan must demonstrate compliance with the recommendations of Report on Geotechnical Investigation, reference number 84771.05, Revision 0 dated 05/10/2016, prepared by Douglas Partners.

Reason: Protection of nearby assets

26. Where shoring will be located on or will support Council property, engineering details of the shoring are to be prepared by an appropriately qualified and practising structural engineer. These details are to include the proposed shoring devices, the extent of encroachment and the method of removal and de-stressing of the shoring elements. These details shall accompany the application for a Construction Certificate. A copy of this documentation must be provided to Council for record purposes. All recommendations made by the qualified practising structural engineer must be complied with.

Reason: To ensure the protection of existing public infrastructure and adjoining properties.

27. Where work is likely to disturb or impact upon a utility installations, (e.g. power pole, telecommunications infrastructure etc.) written confirmation from the affected utility provider that they raise no objections to the proposed works must accompany an application for a Construction Certificate to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

Reason: To ensure no unauthorised work to public utility installations and to minimise costs to Council.

28. Council property adjoining the construction site must be fully supported at all times during all demolition, excavation and construction works. Details of any required shoring, propping and anchoring devices adjoining Council property, are to be prepared by a qualified structural or geotechnical engineer. These details must accompany an application for a Construction Certificate and be to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA). A copy of these details must be forwarded to Council prior to any work being commenced.

Backfilling of excavations adjoining Council property or any void remaining at the completion of the construction between the building and Council property must be fully compacted prior to the completion of works.

Reason: To protect Council's infrastructure.

- 29. An acid sulfate soils management strategy (prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced environmental/geotechnical consultant) must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. This strategy is required to recommend specific procedures and mitigation measures and must include a site analysis from a National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) registered laboratory. This strategy must address the following aspects:
 - Specific mitigating measures to minimise the disturbance of acid sulphate soils as well as measures relating to acid generation and acid neutralisation of the soil;
 - (b) Management and disposal of the excavated material;
 - (c) Measures taken to neutralise the acidity; and
 - (d) Run-off control measures.

- (e) The recommendations of the strategy must be completed prior to the commencement of building works.
- **Reason:** To protect the development from the harmful effects of acid sulfate soils.

Prior to Commencement of Work

- 30. Prior to commencement of work, the person having the benefit of the Development Consent and Construction Certificate approval must:
 - (o) Appoint a Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) and notify Council in writing of the appointment (irrespective of whether Council or an accredited private certifier) within 7 days; and
 - (p) Notify Council in writing a minimum of 48 hours prior to work commencing of the intended date of commencement.

The Principal Certifying Authority must determine and advise the person having the benefit of the Construction Certificate when inspections, certification and compliance certificates are required.

Reason: To comply with legislative requirements.

31. Prior to the commencement of any excavation works on site, the applicant must submit for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority (with a copy forwarded to Council) a dilapidation report on the visible and structural condition of all neighbouring structures within the 'zone of influence' of the excavation face to a depth of twice that of the excavation. The report must include all items identified as at risk of damage in the Statement of Heritage Impact prepared by NBRS Architecture (dated 20 July 2017).

For those buildings or structures which are listed heritage items the survey must be endorsed by both a suitably qualified independent structural engineer experienced in heritage conservation **and** a suitably qualified independent heritage architect.

The report must include a photographic survey of the adjoining properties detailing their physical condition, both internally and externally, including such items as walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other similar items. The report must be completed by a consulting structural/geotechnical engineer in accordance with the recommendation of the geotechnical report. A copy of the dilapidation report must be submitted to Council.

In the event access to adjoining allotments for the completion of a dilapidation survey is denied, the applicant must demonstrate in writing that all reasonable steps have been taken to advise the adjoining allotment owners of the benefit of this survey and details of failure to gain consent for access to the satisfaction of the Principle Certifying Authority. **Note:** This documentation is for record keeping purposes only, and can be made available to an applicant or affected property owner should it be requested to resolve any dispute over damage to adjoining properties arising from works. It is in the applicant's and adjoining owner's interest for it to be as detailed as possible.

Reason: Management of records.

32. A noise management plan must be submitted to Council for approval prior to any work commencing and complied with during any construction woks. The plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified person, who possesses qualifications to render them eligible for membership of the Australian Acoustic Society, Institution of Engineers Australia or the Australian Association of Acoustic Consultants.

The plan must include, but not be limited to the following:

- (a) Identify sensitive location near the site;
- (b) Identify potential impacts (i.e. exceedance of the goals at the identified locations);
- (c) Mitigation measures to control noise and dust from the site, the noise reduction likely and the feasibility and reasonableness of these measures;
- (d) Selection criteria for plant and equipment;
- (e) Community consultation;
- (f) Details of work schedules for all construction phases;
- (g) Selection of traffic routes to minimise residential noise intrusion;
- (h) Schedule of plant and equipment use and maintenance programs;
- (i) Noise monitoring techniques and method of reporting results;
- (j) The methodology to be employed for handling and investigating any complaints should they arise;
- (k) Site induction details for employees and contractors; and
- A declaration of available technologies and the reason for the selection of the preferred technology from a noise generating perspective should be included.

Reason: To maintain appropriate amenity to nearby occupants.

- 33. The applicant must implement vibration and groundwater monitoring, commencing prior to the start of works and continuing for the duration of the excavation process. This monitoring must be carried out by an independent body in accordance with the recommendations of the following reports:
 - i. Report on geotechnical investigation, reference number 84771.05, Revision 0 dated 05/10/2016, prepared by Douglas Partners.
 - ii. Report on groundwater modelling, reference number 84771.05, Revision 0 dated 14/02/2017, prepared by Douglas Partners.

Sufficient evidence must be presented to the Principle Certifying Authority that all vibration and groundwater monitoring and protection measures have been put in place prior to the commencement of works. **Reason:** Protection of neighbouring properties, structures and assets.

34. Under the Water Act 2000 the proponent must obtain a dewatering licence for construction phase groundwater extraction, as outlined in *Report on groundwater modelling, reference number 84771.05, Revision 0 dated 14/02/2017, prepared by Douglas Partners.* This should extend only for the duration of excavation and no dewatering should occur after the diaphragm wall and hydrostatic slab have been completed.

Reason: Aquifer management.

- 35. A Waste Management Plan is to be submitted immediately after the letting of all contracts detailing the:
 - a) Expected volumes and types of waste to be generated during the demolition, excavation and construction stages of the development; and
 - b) Destination of each type of waste, including the name, address and contact number for each receiving facility.

The Waste Management Plan is to be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to commencement of any works on site.

Reason: To ensure waste is managed and disposed of properly.

36. The preparation of an appropriate hazard management strategy by an appropriately licensed asbestos consultant pertaining to the removal of contaminated soil, encapsulation or enclosure of any asbestos material is required. This strategy shall ensure that any such proposed demolition works involving asbestos are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the 'Code of Practice: How to Safely Remove Asbestos' published by WorkCover NSW. The strategy shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the commencement of any works. The report shall confirm that the asbestos material has been removed or is appropriately encapsulated and that the site is rendered suitable for the development.

Reason: To ensure risks associated with the demolition have been identified and addressed prior to demolition work commencing.

- 37. The applicant must submit to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority a hazardous materials survey of the site. Hazardous materials include (but are not limited to) asbestos materials, synthetic mineral fibre, roof dust, PCB materials and lead based paint. The report must be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced environmental scientist and must include at least the following information:
 - (a) The location of hazardous materials throughout the site;
 - (b) A description of the hazardous material;
 - (c) The form in which the hazardous material is found, e.g. AC sheeting, transformers, contaminated soil, roof dust;

- (d) An estimation (where possible) of the quantity of each particular hazardous material by volume, number, surface area or weight;
- (e) A brief description of the method for removal, handling, on-site storage and transportation of the hazardous materials, and where appropriate, reference to relevant legislation, standards and guidelines;
- (f) Identification of the disposal sites to which the hazardous materials will be taken.

Reason: To ensure risks associated with the demolition have been identified and addressed prior to demolition work commencing.

38. On demolition sites where buildings are known to contain friable or non-friable asbestos material, standard warning signs containing the words 'DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" measuring not less than 400mm x 300mm are to be erected in a prominent position on site visible from the street kerb. The sign is to be erected prior to demolition work commencing and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos material has been removed from the site. Advice on the availability of these signs can be obtained by contacting the NSW WorkCover Authority hotline or their website www.workcover.nsw.gov.au.

Reason: To comply with the requirements of the NSW WorkCover Authority.

- 39. A Pedestrian Management and Safety Plan must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the commencement of any works on site. It must include details of the:
 - a) Proposed ingress and egress of vehicles to and from the construction site
 - b) Proposed protection of pedestrians adjacent to the site
 - c) Proposed pedestrian management whilst vehicles are entering and leaving the site
 - d) Proposed route of construction vehicles to and from the site
 - e) Proposed measures to protect workers and pedestrians from overhead hazards.

The Management Plan shall be implemented during all phases of the development until the Occupation Certificate is issued.

Reason: To maintain pedestrian and vehicular safety during construction.

40. The site must be enclosed by a 1.8m high security fence erected wholly within the confines of the site to prevent unauthorised access. The fence must be installed to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the commencement of any work on site.

Reason: To ensure public safety.

41. A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site involving excavation, erection or demolition of a building in accordance with Clause 98 A (2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2000 detailing:

- (a) Unauthorised entry of the work site is prohibited;
- (b) The name of the principal contractor (or person in charge of the work site), their telephone number enabling 24hour contact; and
- (c) The name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority;
- (d) The development consent approved construction hours;

The sign must be maintained during excavation, demolition and building work, and removed when the work has been completed.

This condition does not apply where works are being carried.

Reason: Statutory requirement.

42. Prior to the commencement of work, a registered surveyor is to undertake a set out survey to identify the location of all works, demonstrating that the area of excavation and the location of al works are in accordance with the approved plans and will be constructed wholly within the confines of the subject allotment. This set out survey is to be forwarded to the Principal Certifying Authority.

Reason: To ensure that the building is erected in accordance with the approval granted and within the boundaries of the site.

43. Prior to work commencing, adequate toilet facilities are to be provided on the work site.

Reason: To ensure adequate toilet facilities are provided.

- 44. Public risk insurance in the amount of not less than \$20 million or such other amount as Council may require by notice) must be obtained and furnished to Council before any works authorised by this consent are conducted:
 - (a) Above;
 - (b) Below; or
 - (c) On

Any public land owned or controlled by Council. The public risk insurance must be maintained for the period during which these works re being undertaken.

The public risk insurance must be satisfactory to Council and list Council as an insured and/or interested party.

A copy of the insurance policy obtained must be forwarded to Council before any of the works commence.

Note: Applications for hoarding permits, vehicular crossing etc. will require evidence of insurance upon lodgement of the application.

- **Reason:** To ensure the community is protected from the cost of any claim for damages arising from works authorised by this consent conducted above, below or on any public land owned or controlled by Council.
- 45. If an excavation associated with the erection or demolition of a building extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation to be made must preserve and protect the building from damage and if necessary must underpin and support the building in an approved manner. At least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation to be made must give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished and submit to the Principal Certifying Authority details of the date and manner by which the adjoining owner(s) were advised.

Reason: To control excavation procedures.

- 46. Erosion and sediment control measures are to be installed in accordance with the publication 'Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction "The Blue Book" 2004 (4th edition) prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or construction works upon the site. These measures are to be maintained throughout the entire works.
 - **Reason:** To ensure soil and water management controls are in place before site works commence.
- 47. If development involves excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the persons own expense:
 - Protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation
 - Where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.
 - **Note:** If the person with the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to the condition not applying, this condition does not apply.
 - **Reason:** As prescribed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.
- 48. Prior to any excavation on or near the subject site the person/s having benefit of this consent are required to contact the NSW Dial Before You Dig Service (NDBYD) on 1100 to receive written confirmation from NDBYD that the proposed excavation will not conflict with any underground utility services. The person/s having the benefit of this consent are required to forward the written confirmation from NDBYD to their Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) prior to any excavation occurring.

Reason: To ensure Council's assets are not damaged.

49. Should any proposed work be undertaken where it is likely to disturb or impact upon a utility installation (e.g. power pole, telecommunications infrastructure, etc.) written confirmation from the affected utility provider that they have agreed to the proposed works shall be submitted to Council. The arrangements and costs associated with any adjustment to a utility installation shall be borne in full by the applicant/developer.

Reason: To ensure no unauthorised work to public utility installations and to minimise costs to Council.

- 50. Prior to commencement of works and during construction works, the development site and any road verge immediately in front of the site must be maintained in a safe and tidy manner. In this regard the following must be undertaken:
 - (a) all existing buildings are to be secured and maintained to prevent unauthorised access and vandalism
 - (b) all site boundaries are to be secured and maintained to prevent unauthorised access to the site;
 - (c) all general refuge and/or litter (inclusive of any uncollected mail/advertising material) is to be removed from the site on a fortnightly basis;
 - (d) the site is to be maintained clear of weeds; and
 - (e) all grassed areas are to be mowed on a monthly basis.

Reason: To ensure public safety and maintenance of the amenity of the surrounding environment.

During Works

51. Trees to be removed are:

Tree No.	Species	Common Name	Location
5x	Platanus acerifolius	Plane Tree	Church Street
2x	Ulmus Parvifolia	Chinese Elm	Church Street

Reason: To facilitate development.

- 52. All approved tree removal must be supervised by an Australian Qualification Framework (AQF) Level 3 Arborist in accordance with the provisions of the Draft Tree Work Code of Practice 2007.
 - **Reason:** To ensure works are carried out in accordance with the Draft Tree Work Code of Practice 2007.

53. A copy of this development consent together with the stamped plans, referenced documents and associated specifications is to be held on-site during the course of any works to be referred to by all contractors to ensure compliance with the approval and the associated conditions of consent.

Reason: To ensure compliance with this consent.

54. All fill imported onto the site and soil exported to the site shall be validated to ensure the imported/exported fill is suitable for the proposed land use from a contamination perspective. Fill imported on to the site shall also be compatible with the existing soil characteristic for site drainage purposes.

Council may require details of appropriate validation of imported and exported fill material to be submitted with any application for future development of the site. Hence all fill imported onto the site fill exported off the site is to be validated by either one or both of the following methods during remediation works:

- Imported fill/Exported fill is to be accompanied by documentation from the supplier which certifies that the material is not contaminated based upon analyses of the material for the known past history of the site where the material is obtained; and/or
- Sampling and analysis of the fill material shall be conducted in accordance with NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines.

Reason: To ensure imported fill is of an acceptable standard.

55. Dust control measures shall be implemented during all periods of earth works, demolition, excavation and construction to minimise the dust nuisance on surrounding properties. In this regard, dust minimisation practices must be carried out in accordance with Council's Guidelines for Controlling Dust from Construction Sites and Section 126 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Reason: To protect the amenity of the area.

56. A sign displaying the contact details of the remediation shall be displayed on the site adjacent to the site access. This sign shall be displayed throughout the duration of the remediation works.

Reason: To provide contact details for council inspectors and for the public to report any incidents.

57. If any European archaeological relics are discovered (or are believed to be discovered) during works, the works must cease and the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage must be notified, in accordance with the NSW Heritage Act.

If any Aboriginal archaeological relics are discovered (or are believed to be discovered) during works, the w333orks must cease and the NSW Office of

Environment and Heritage must be notified, in accordance with the NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service Act.

- **Reason:** To ensure that the requirements of the Office of Environment and Heritage are met.
- 58. All friable and non-friable asbestos-containing waste material on-site shall be handled and disposed off-site at an EPA licensed waste facility by an EPA licensed contractor in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014 and the Waste Classification Guidelines - Part 1 Classifying Waste (EPA 2014) and any other regulatory instrument as amended.

Reason: To ensure appropriate disposal of asbestos materials.

59. A Waste Data file is to be maintained, recording building/demolition contractors details and waste disposal receipts/dockets for any demolition or construction wastes from the site. These records must be retained and made available to Council on request.

Reason: To confirm waste minimisation objectives under Parramatta Development Control Plan 2011 are met.

60. Any site excavation areas must be kept free of accumulated water at all times. Water that accumulates within an excavation must be removed and disposed of in a manner that does not result in: the pollution of waters, nuisance to neighbouring properties, or damage/potential damage to neighbouring land and/or property. A de-watering plan is required to be included and submitted to Council for review prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.

Reason: To protect against subsidence, erosion and other nuisances.

61. Any contamination material to be removed from the site shall be disposed of to an EPA licensed landfill.

Reason: To comply with the statutory requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

62. Where demolition of asbestos containing materials is undertaken, the contractor must submit to the Principal Certifying Authority, copies of all receipts issued by the EPA licensed waste facility for friable or non-friable asbestos waste as evidence of proof of proper disposal within 7 days of the issue of the receipts.

Reason: To ensure appropriate disposal of asbestos materials.

63. No building materials skip bins, concrete pumps, cranes, machinery, temporary traffic control, signs or vehicles associated with the construction, excavation or demolition shall be stored or placed on/in Council's footpath, nature strip, roadway, park or reserve without the prior approval being issued by Council under section 138 of the Roads Act 1993.

Reason: To ensure pedestrian access.

64. All work (excluding demolition which has separate days and hours outlined below) including building, and excavation work; and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (e.g. loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools, machinery etc.) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am and 5.00pm on Monday to Fridays inclusive, and 8.00am to 5.00pm on Saturday. No work is to be carried out on Sunday or public holidays.

Demolition works are restricted to Monday to Friday between the hours of 7.00am to 5.00pm. No demolition works are to be undertaken on Saturdays, Sundays or Public Holidays.

Note: Council may allow extended work hours for properties located on land affected by Parramatta City Centre LEP 2007 in limited circumstances and upon written application and approval being given by Parramatta City Council at least 30 days in advance.

Such circumstances where extended hours may be permitted include:

- (a) Delivery of cranes required to the site outside of normal business hours;
- (b) Site is not located in close proximity to residential use or sensitive land uses;
- (c) Internal fit out work.

Reason: To protect the amenity of the area.

65. A number of significant electrical assets are located on and adjacent to the site. The Contractor is to be aware of the potential risks of working adjacent to these assets such as receiving an electric shock and causing substantial damage to plant and equipment. Endeavour Energy has available public safety training resources that are reviewed by the Contractor to ensure that works are carried out safely at the site. These resources can be downloaded from the website link below:

http://www.endeavourenergy.com.au/wps/wcm/connect/ee/nsw/nsw+homepa ge/communitynav/safety/safety+brochures

Reason: To ensure that works are carried out in a safe manner.

66. No trees on public property (footpaths, roads, reserves, etc.) with the exception of those specified at Condition 43 are permitted to be removed, pruned or damaged during construction including the installation of fences, hoardings or other temporary works, unless approved in this consent.

Reason: Protection of existing environmental infrastructure and community assets.

67. The applicant must record details of all complaints received during the construction period in an up to date complaints register. The register must record, but not necessarily be limited to:

- (a) The date and time of the complaint;
- (b) The means by which the complaint was made;
- (c) Any personal details of the complainants that were provided, or if no details were provided, a note to that affect;
- (d) Nature of the complaints;
- (e) Any action(s) taken by the applicant in relation to the compliant, including any follow up contact with the complainant; and
- (f) If no action was taken by the applicant in relation to the complaint, the reason(s) why no action was taken.

The complaints register must be made available to Council and/or the principal certifying authority upon request.

Reason: To allow the Principal Certifying Authority/Council to respond to concerns raised by the public.

68. Noise emissions and vibration must be minimised, work is to be carried out in accordance with the NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water's Interim Noise Construction Guidelines 2009 for noise emissions from demolition, excavation and construction activities.

Vibration levels resulting from demolition and excavation activities must not exceed 5mm/sec peal particle velocity (PPV) when measured at the footing of any nearby building.

Reason: To protect the amenity of the area.

- 69. Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by Council, all works, processes, storage of materials, loading and unloading associated with the development are to occur entirely on the property. The applicant, owner or builder must apply for specific permits available from Council's Customer Service Centre for the undermentioned activities on Council's property pursuant to Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993:
 - (a) On-street mobile plant:

E.g. Cranes, concrete pumps, cherry-pickers, etc. - restrictions apply to the hours of operation, the area of operation, etc. Separate permits are required for each occasion and each piece of equipment. It is the applicant's, owner's and builder's responsibilities to take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the use of any equipment does not violate adjoining property owner's rights.

- (b) Storage of building materials and building waste containers (skips) on Council's property.
- (c) Permits to utilise Council property for the storage of building materials and building waste containers (skips) are required for each location. Failure to obtain the relevant permits will result in the building materials or building waste containers (skips) being impounded by Council with no additional notice being given. Storage of building materials and waste containers on open space reserves and parks is prohibited.
- (d) Kerbside restrictions, construction zones:

The applicant's attention is drawn to the possible existing kerbside restrictions adjacent to the development. Should the applicant require alteration of existing kerbside restrictions, or the provision of a construction zone, the appropriate application must be made to Council and the fee paid. Applicants are to note that the alternatives of such restrictions may require referral to Council's Traffic Committee. An earlier application is suggested to avoid delays in construction programs.

The application is to be lodged with Council's Customer Service Centre.

Reason: Proper management of public land.

70. Occupation of any part of the footpath or road at or above (carrying out work, storage of building materials and the like) during construction of the development shall require a Road Occupancy Permit from Council. The applicant is to be required to submit an application for a Road Occupancy Permit through Council's Traffic and Transport Services, prior to carrying out the construction/restoration works.

Reason: To ensure proper management of Council assets.

71. Oversize vehicles using local roads require Council's approval. The applicant is to be required to submit an application for an Oversize Vehicle Access Permit through Council's Traffic and Transport Services, prior to driving through local roads within Parramatta LGA.

Reason: To ensure maintenance of Council's assets.

72. Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination shall be notified to the Council and the principal certifying authority immediately.

Reason: To ensure that the land is suitable for its proposed use and poses no risk to the environment and human health.

73. Groundwater shall be analysed for pH and any contaminants of concern identified during the preliminary or detailed site investigation, prior to discharge to the stormwater system. The analytical results must comply with relevant NSW EPA water quality standards and Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality 2000.

Other options for the disposal of groundwater include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

Reason: To ensure that contaminated groundwater does not impact upon waterways.

74. The site is to be remediated in accordance with the overarching Site Remedial Action Plan, Ref: 50746/100723-1, prepared by JBS&G, dated 20/10/15.

Reason: To ensure that the site is made suitable for the proposed use.

75. All remediation works shall be carried out in accordance with clauses 17 and 18 of State Environmental Planning Policy 55 - Remediation of Land, and

The notice of remediation shall be provided to the Council in accordance with the timeframe set out in State Environmental Planning Policy 55.

Reason: To comply with the statutory requirements of State Environmental Planning Policy 55.

76. Any contamination material to be removed from the site shall be disposed of to an EPA licensed landfill.

Reason: To comply with the statutory requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

77. A Waste Data file is to be maintained, recording building/demolition contractors details and waste disposal receipts/dockets for any demolition or construction wastes from the site. These records must be retained and made available to Council on request.

Reason: To confirm waste minimisation objectives under Parramatta Development Control Plan 2011 are met.

78. Stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, soil or other material are not to be located on any drainage line or easement, natural watercourse, footpath or roadway and shall be protected with adequate sediment controls.

Reason: To ensure that building materials are not washed into stormwater drains.

79. Works are not to result in sedimentation and or run-off from the approved works onto the adjoining properties and or public lands. The person having the benefit of this consent must ensure sediment is not tracked out from the development site.

Reason: To ensure no adverse impacts on neighbouring properties.

80. Any damage to Council assets that impacts on public safety during construction is to be rectified immediately to the satisfaction of Council with all costs to be borne by the person having the benefit of the Development Consent.

Reason: To protect public safety.

81. During construction of all public area civil and drainage works a qualified civil engineer must supervise the work to ensure it is completed in accordance with

Council's "Guidelines for Public Domain Works". Certification is required to be provided with the Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To ensure Council's assets are appropriately constructed.

82. The perimeter walls and floor of the basement shall be constructed using a "Tank Construction" method, to prevent any flood and ground waters seeping through the basement walls and floor base. This must be provided using impervious construction and not through permanent draining of the basement structure.

The landowner shall manage groundwater inflows and outflows during construction and thereafter in perpetuity, including monitoring, to ensure all of the requirements of the Water NSW/DPI Water are satisfied and that there are no adverse effects on the environment and public health, including water table levels, surface and groundwater flow regimes, contamination and pollution, flooding and water quality and structural stability.

Reason: Protection of the environment and public health.

83. Site water discharged must not exceed suspended solid concentrations of 50 parts per million, and must be analysed for pH and any contaminants of concern identified during the preliminary or detailed site investigation, prior to discharge to the stormwater system. The analytical results must comply with relevant Environmental Protection Authority and ANZECC standards for water quality.

Other options for the disposal of excavation pump-out water include disposal to sewer with prior approval from Sydney Water, or off-site disposal by a liquid waste transporter for treatment/disposal to an appropriate waste treatment/processing facility.

Reason: To prevent pollution of waterways.

Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate Certificate

84. Occupation or use of the building or part is not permitted until an Occupation Certificate has been issued in accordance with Section 109H of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Reason: To complying with legislative requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

- 85. Prior to the issue of an occupation certificate (Interim or Final) written certification from a suitably qualified person(s) shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Parramatta City Council, stating that all relevant works/methods/procedures/control measures approved by Council in the following report has been completed:
 - (a) Acoustic Report No. 60514001, dated 9 Nov 16, prepared by AECOM.

Reason: To demonstrate compliance with submitted reports.

- 86. In accordance with Clause 162B of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, the Principal Certifying Authority responsible for the critical stage inspections must make a record of each inspection as soon as practicable after it has been carried out. The record must include:
 - (a) The development application and Construction Certificate number as registered;
 - (b) The address of the property at which the inspection was carried out;
 - (c) The type of inspection;
 - (d) The date on which it was carried out;
 - (e) The name and accreditation number of the certifying authority by whom the inspection was carried out; and
 - (f) Whether or not the inspection was satisfactory in the opinion of the certifying authority who carried it out.

Reason: To comply with statutory requirements.

- 87. The applicant shall engage a suitably qualified person to prepare a post construction dilapidation report at the completion of the construction works. This report is to ascertain whether the construction works created any structural damage to adjoining buildings, infrastructure and roads. The report is to be submitted to the PCA. In ascertaining whether adverse structural damage has occurred to adjoining buildings, infrastructure and roads, the PCA must:
 - compare the post-construction dilapidation report with the pre-construction dilapidation report, and
 - have written confirmation from the relevant authority that there is no adverse structural damage to their infrastructure and roads.

A copy of this report is to be forwarded to Council.

Reason: To establish the condition of adjoining properties prior building work and any damage as a result of the building works.

- 88. A written application to Council's Civil Assets Team for the release of a bond must quote the following:
 - (a) Council's Development Application number; and
 - (b) Site address.

The bond is refundable only where Council is satisfied the public way has been adequately reinstated, and any necessary remediation/rectification works have been completed.

Reason: To safe guard the public assets of council and to ensure that these assets are repaired/maintained in a timely manner.

89. Where the remedial action has been carried out, a validation report must be submitted to Council stating that the objectives in the Overarching Remedial

Action Plan have been achieved and the land is remediated to a standard suitable for the proposed land use.

- **Reason:** To ensure that the land is suitable for its proposed use and poses no risk to the environment and human health.
- 90. The applicant is to engage an NSW EPA accredited site auditor to undertake an independent assessment of the site investigation (remediation) or (validation) report to address the requirements of section 47(1) (b) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. A site audit statement is to be submitted to the satisfaction of Council and the principal certifying authority on the completion of remediation works and prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.
 - **Reason:** To ensure the contamination assessment report has adhered to appropriate standards, procedures and guidelines

Use of the site

- 91. The use of the premises not giving rise to:
 - (a) transmission of unacceptable vibration to any place of different occupancy,
 - (b) a sound pressure level measured at any point on the boundary of any affected residential premises that exceeds the background noise level by more than 5 dB(A). The source noise level shall be assessed as an LAeq,15 min and adjusted in accordance with Environment Protection Authority (EPA) guidelines for tonality, frequency weighting, impulsive characteristics, fluctuations, and temporal content as described in the NSW Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979: Environmental Noise Control Manual, Industrial Noise Policy 2000 and the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Reason: To prevent loss of amenity to the area.

92. The proposed use of the premises and the operation of all plant and equipment shall not give rise to an 'offensive noise' as defined in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Reason: To protect the amenity of the area.